

Monitoring Space Weather for Mars Science Laboratory, on approach to Mars

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Assertion 1: Operations during bad space weather carry an increased risk of Safemode entry (or worse).

Assertion 2: Only near Earth do we know the space weather well enough to set quantitative criteria for including SWx in operations decisions.



Assertion 3: For locations <u>not</u> near Earth, we can, at best, infer the space weather conditions and the forecast well enough to **qualitatively** factor SWx into operations decisions.

This is appropriate only at certain times in some missions, when the benefit might overcome the drawbacks of subjective criteria and SWx false alarms.



When do we need to monitor SWx?

MSL's Entry, Descent, and Landing (EDL) sequence is completely autonomous, and orbital mechanics dictates when it will happen, so

no need to look at SWx for EDL . . .



...except for EDL anomaly resolution (but that wasn't needed either).



http://www.youtube.com/watch? v=wnG-rFFpP8A



SWx monitoring at launch? YES;

LV and S/C need to perform critical operations in a timely manner, so...

Don't launch into a large solar energetic particle event.



SWx monitoring during cruise?

No need;

S/C is designed to handle a lot of radiation, and handle it autonomously.

If it sees more than it can handle, Safe mode helps it ride out the storm.



But it takes time to recover from Safe mode, and time is precious when a critical operation such as EDL is imminent...



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SWx for MSL, on approach to Mars





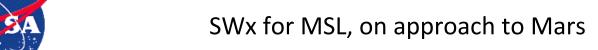
Hence we want to avoid operations that carry a relatively higher risk of taking the s/c into safe mode.

Remember Assertion 1: Operations during bad space weather carry an increased risk of Safe-mode entry (or worse).

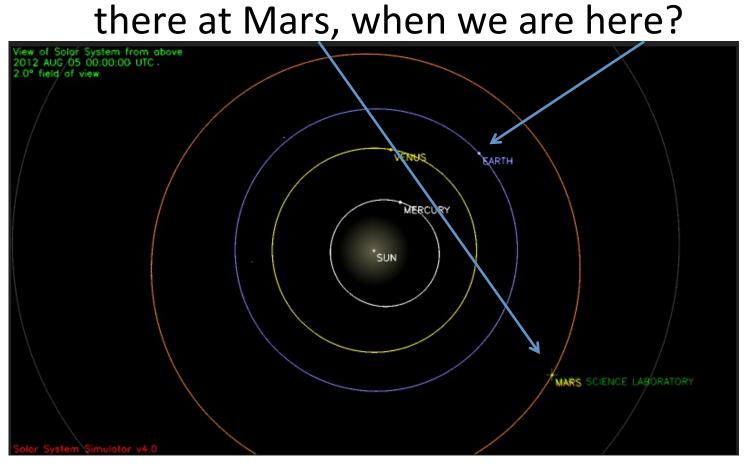


SWx monitoring began about 2 weeks prior to EDL.

For maneuvers and data uploads
just prior to EDL,
solar energetic particle (SEP) events will
increase the risk of safe-mode entry.







Simulation from http://space.jpl.nasa.gov/

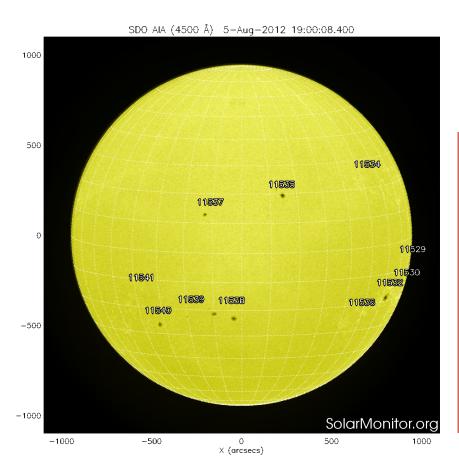


Fuzzy criteria for postponing flight ops and data uploads due to weather:

- a SEP event at Mars may be imminent (look at flare probability);
- a SEP event may be in progress at Mars (flare and CME sightings);
- a SEP event of unknown severity is in progress (un-calibrated HEND in-situ data).



Use regions' flare probabilities to get flare probability relevant to Mars. (SWPC solar synoptic analysis; off-menu product)



NOAA/SWPC gives a low probability of X-class flares from regions we can see from Earth (which is also what happens to matter most for Mars right now).

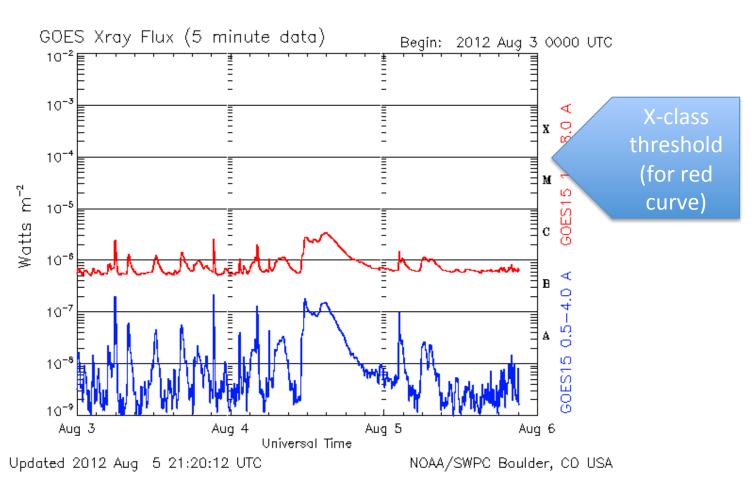
Flare Event Probabilities for next 24 hrs:

Class M 15%

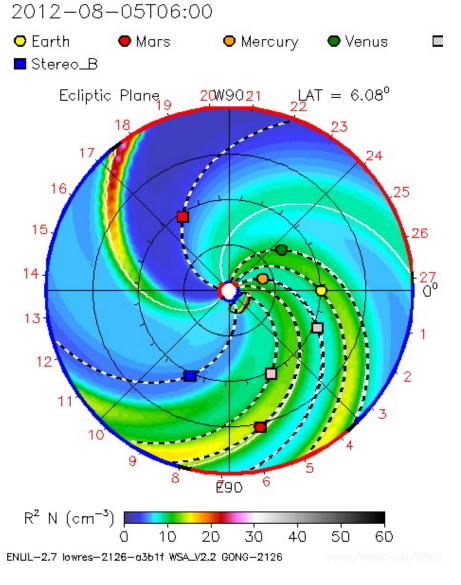
Class X 1%



Watch for flare alerts, note peak values and locations.





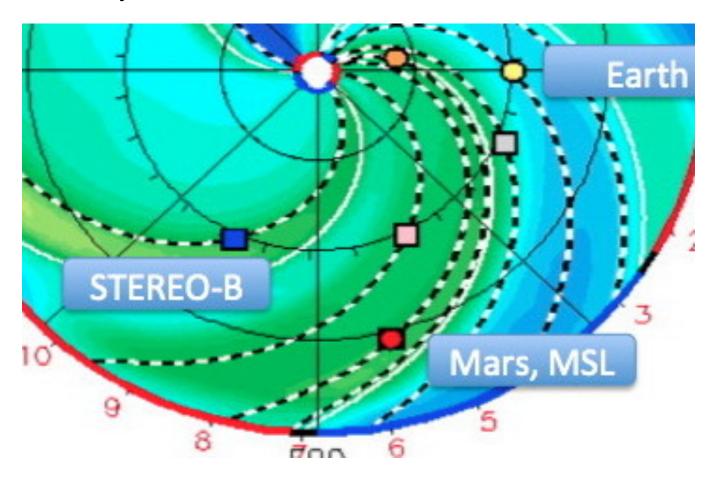


Watch for CME sightings.

http://swrc.gsfc.nasa.gov/main/ iSWACygnetStreamer-CME-03-Aug.gif



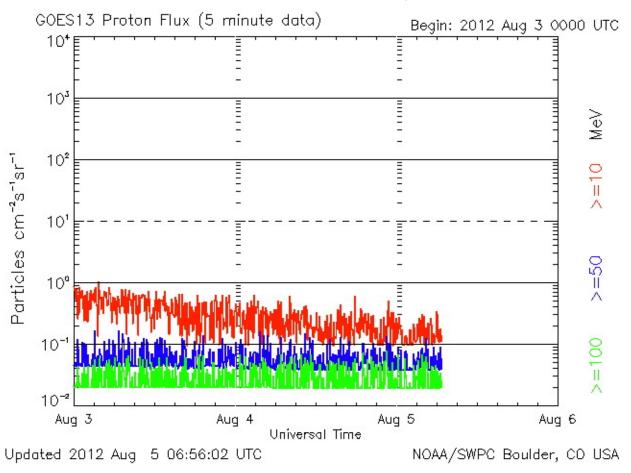
"Interpolate" from SEP conditions at Earth and Stereo-B.



http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/rt_plots/pro_3d.html

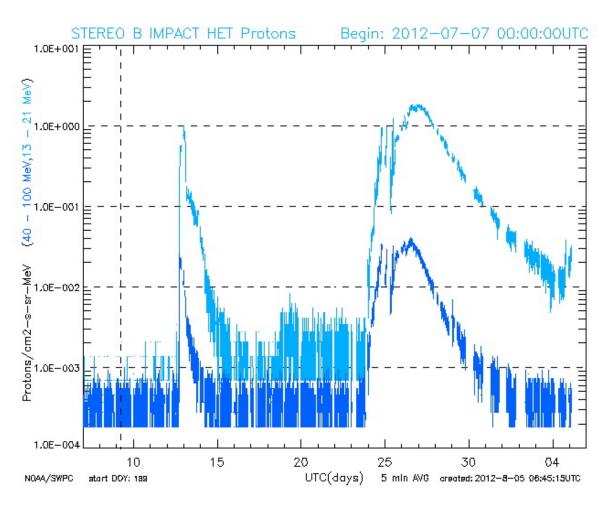


SEP conditions at Earth, from GOES.





SEP conditions from STEREO-B.



http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/stereo/ impact_het_B_30d_w.html



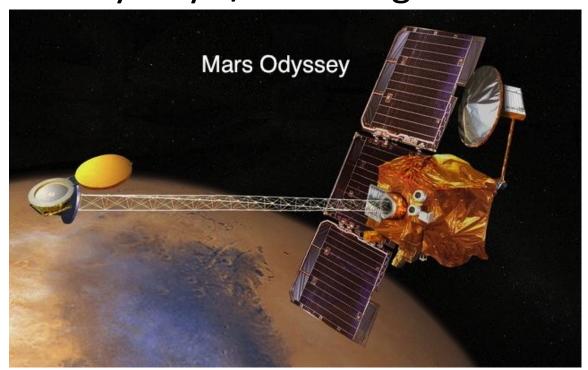
On one occasion, I requested and received housekeeping telemetry from Spitzer, showing memory SEU counts.

No change in count-rate, so no evidence of SEP flux.





In-situ monitor of high-energy protons: High Energy Neutron Detector (HEND) on Odyssey s/c orbiting Mars.



http://mars.jpl.nasa.gov/odyssey/mission/overview/



HEND:

- developed at the Institute for Space Research (ИКИ, anglicized to IKI) in Moscow, Russia. (Dr. Igor Mitrofanov);
- detects epithermal, resonance, and fast neutrons;
- sees high-energy protons, but is NOT CALIBRATED FOR THEM!



c

2000.0000-

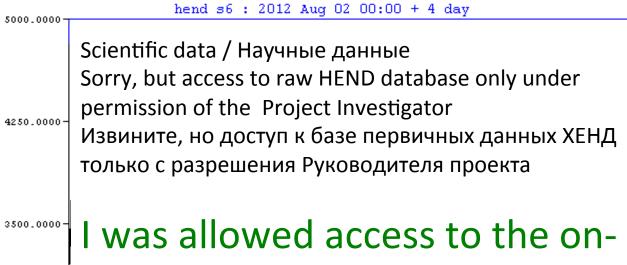
0.00

0.33

0.67

1.00

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I was allowed access to the online, near-real-time data, for the purpose of monitoring SWx conditions at Mars.

2.67

3.00

3.33

3.67

4.0

days

Energetic particle flux at Mars is at background level. (This is what MSL wanted to see.)



Sample: Last slide of the last MSL SWx report, at EDL minus 8 hrs:

SUMMARY:

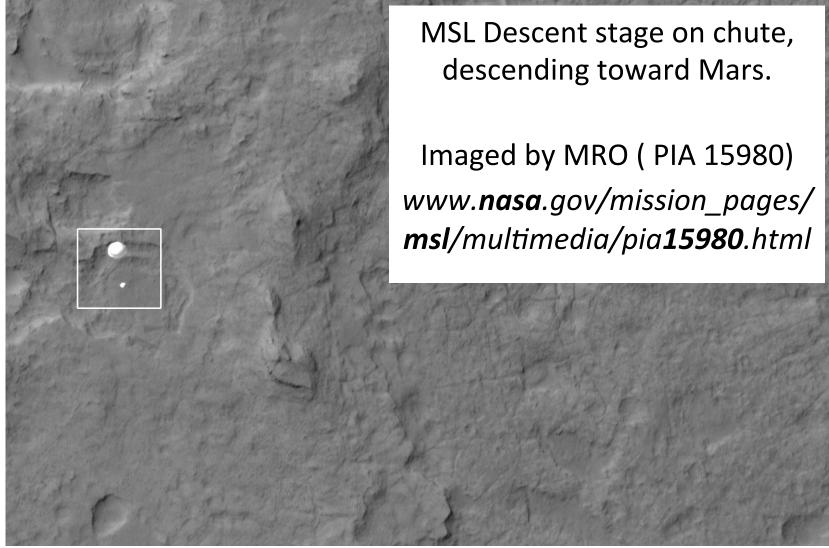
We currently have a background radiation level at Mars.

Some chance of a small to moderate Solar Energetic Particle event (SEP event) at Mars, through EDL.

Low (near zero) chance of a large SEP event.

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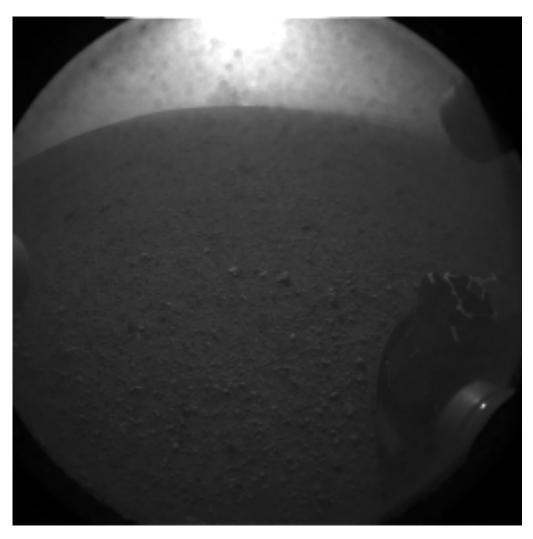






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First MSL image from Mars.

http://
photojournal.jpl.nasa.gov/
catalog/?
IDNumber=PIA15971



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Summit of Mt.
Sharp, 16 km
distant.
(telephoto
camera on MSL)

http://www.nasa.gov/ 681384main_PIA16104r_ma lin03m100focus_raw.png